

# 15-112 Fundamentals of Programming

# What are we doing today?

□ *map, filter, and reduce.*

# Functional Programming

- Three main classes of data transformation
  - Mapping: One-to-One transformation: each element in the source is converted to a new value
  - Filtering: Filtering out values that don't meet a criteria, or retaining only those values that meet a specific criteria
  - Reduction: Applying a binary function to each value of list in a cumulative fashion.

# Mapping Example

- Take a list of values and produce a list of squares of each value

```
def square(x):  
    return x*x
```

```
squares = map(square, a)  
print squares
```

# With Lambda function

```
squares = map(lambda x: x*x , a)  
print squares
```

# Filtering Example

□ Given a list, print all the odd numbers

□ Imperative Approach

```
a = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
for i in a:
    if i % 2 == 1:
        print i
```

□ Functional Approach

```
a = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
print filter(lambda x: x % 2 == 1, a)
```

# Reduction Example

❑ Find the sum of all values in a list

❑ Imperative Approach

```
a = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
Sum = 0
for i in a:
    Sum = Sum + i
print Sum
```

❑ Functional Approach

```
print reduce(lambda x, y: x+y, a)
```

# Print the sum of all numbers that are odd

```
a = [3, 6, 3, 5, 6, 7, 5, 4, 6, 7, 8]
print reduce(lambda x, y: x+y,
filter(lambda x: x%2==1, a))
```



# Finding common elements

- Find a list of elements common in lists a and b?
- Imperative Approach?
- Functional Approach?

# Exercises

- ❑ Write a function that takes a list as input and returns a list containing the cubes of those numbers that are divisible by 3.
  - Write an imperative form of this function
  - Write a functional form of this function using map and filter.
- ❑ Using reduce, find the average of a list of numbers.

# Caesar Cipher

- Given a string and offset  $n$ , calculate the Caesar cipher for the string.

# Remove vowels

- Given a list of characters, remove all the vowels from the list

# Count values

□ Count how many times a specific value occurs in a list

$a = [1, 1, 2, 3, 0, 0, 0, 0, 6, 3, 7, 1, 2, 8, 7, 1, 9, 3, 6, 1]$

Count how many times 1 occurs in  $a$ ?

# Word Count

- ❑ Count the number of times a word appears in a file

# List comprehensions

□ Used for creating lists in a concise way

Examples:

```
a = [i for i in range(2,5)]
```

```
a = [i for i in range(1,20) if i%2 == 1]
```

Format:

```
[ expression(x) for x in someList if filter ]
```